

ENGLISH CURRICULUM MAP YEAR 7

HALF TERM 4.		
HALF TERM 1: Context of Oliver Twist		(0),
The text was written during the reign of Queen Victoria I		'Oliver Twist' abridged version
Dickens was a 19th Century writer		Literacy Legends: short stories
The growing population in the capital population in the capital was		Non – fiction extracts.
growing at this time play was written, Elizabeth 1st was Queen. She		
Victorian London was a very unhygienic place because of the waste		
going into the Thames		Students will sit 1 temperature check each term and
 Your quality of life in Victorian times depended on whether you were rich or poor 		2 summative assessments throughout the academic
Trafalgar Square, The Houses of Parliament and Victoria Station		year
were all built during the Victorian era	$\boldsymbol{\nu}$	year
The Poor Law of 1834 meant that people who couldn't work went		
to workhouses because it was against the law to give them any	_	
other help	\bigcirc	Reading of the text 'Oliver Twist'
 Life in workhouses was very hard. There were lots of orphans as there was lots of sickness and disease 	$\stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$	Literacy Legends: oracy questions
Dickens' early life:	> \ \	Efferdey Legerius. Ordey questions
Charles Dickens was born in 1812 in Portsmouth		
 When Charles was 12, his father was sent to prison for owing 		
money		
Charles Dickens worked in a factory and his wages were used to pay		
 off his father's debt Dickens had to work twelve hour days putting labels and lids on 		
pots		
Dickens' life after an education:		Week 1 – Revise key historical context on KO
 Dickens went to work as a reporter for a newspaper 		Week 2 – Revise Dickens' early life
 At the age of 24, he wrote his first novel and it was an instant 		Week 3 – Revise Dicken's life after education
success	Homework	Week 4 – Revise key characters on KO
 He would give public readings of his novels as entertainment and hundreds of people would turn up to see him 		Week 5 – Revise plot summary on KO
Dickens would publish a few chapters each month in a magazine		Week 6 – Key terminology quiz
Magazines were called 'periodicals'		Week 7 – General revision task (EDN on all)
 Dickens died in 1870 of a stroke, aged only 58 		Week 8 – Wider reading task
A lot of his stories are about children who have had tough lives and		
have to struggle to survive Oliver Twist:		
Oliver Twist was an orphan and spent his early life at a workhouse		
Mr Bumble represented the ignorant, wealthier members of society		
Artful Dodger, Old Fagin and Bill Sykes were villains		
HALF TERM 2:		
Gothic conventions:		A range of Gothic short stories and extracts
The first Gothic novels appeared in the late 18 th Century Cathic first are as a base to a fit to be a second as a second at the later. The first Gothic novels appeared in the later 18 th Century The first Gothic novels appeared in the la		Non-fiction: articles and reports
 Gothic fiction was a branch of the larger Romantic movement that tried to create strong emotions in the reader 		Literacy Legends: short stories
Horace Walpole's <i>The Castle of Otranto</i> is usually regarded as the		
first 'Gothic' novel		
Gothic' can refer to the type of architecture that was prominent or	•	Students will sit 1 temperature check each term and
popular in what is now Germany during the medieval period		2 summative assessments throughout the academic
 Writers use setting and speech to build suspense Common subject matter includes the supernatural family curses 		year
 Common subject matter includes the supernatural, family curses, mystery, madness and death 		
Pathetic fallacy is where the weather creates a mood		
Gothic movement:		Reading of short stories & extracts
 Gargoyles were used as rain spouts to help remove water from 		Literacy Legends: oracy questions
roofs, but were used for decorated purposes, too	Ω	
 Most Gothic buildings were made out of stone blocks and because of this they are often very dark in colour 	7 4 1	
Gothic writers:		
 Mary Shelley wrote 'Frankenstein; when she was 18 years old 	Homework	Week 1 – Revise Gothic context on KO
 Bram Stoker's 'Dracula' has had a huge influence on modern films 		Week 2 – Revise features/characters/settings
Edgar Allan Poe was		Week 3 – Revise conventions & movements
Charles Dickens was also a writer of 'Great Expectations' Constitution of the Microsoft Relative and the contribution of		Week 4 – Revise writers & Twisted Tales
 Susan Hill's 'The Woman In Black' adheres to the gothic conventions Emily Bronte creates fear in 'Wuthering Heights' 		Week 5 – Revise Gothic values
Emily Bronte creates fear in 'Wuthering Heights' Twisted tales:		Week 6 – Find 3 facts about the Gothic genre
The Elephant Man's name was Joseph Merrick		Week 7 – General revision task (EDN on all)
'The Greatest Showman' film was based on P.T. Barnum, who		Week 8 – General OT/TT revision
exhibited 19th Century 'Freak Shows'		
Roald Dahl didn't just write children's fiction, he also wrote grussome short stories such as 'l amb to the Slaventer'		
gruesome short stories such as 'Lamb to the Slaughter' 'Little Brother' by Bruce Holland Rogers has a twist at the end		
Little Brother by Bruce Holland Rogers has a twist at the end There have been many eyewitness accounts of UFOs		
e.e have been many eyemaness accounts of or os		



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HALF TERM 3:		
Context of AMND:		
 Shakespeare went to a grammar school where he was 		A Midsummer Night's Dream: Act 1 & 2.
taught Ancient Greek.		Greek Myths: Pyramus & Thisbe, Pan & Cupid
The play is set in Ancient Greece and follows the rules of a semedy from Ancient Greece		Literacy Legends: short stories
 comedy from Ancient Greece. When the play was written, Elizabeth 1st was Queen. She 		Non – fiction: The Cottingley Fairy hoax
decided not to get married which many people disagreed		
with.	•	
 Many Elizabethans believed in and feared magic. 		Students will sit 1 temperature check each term and
 Cupid is the ancient god of love. He is usually presented as 		2 summative assessments throughout the academic
a baby whose arrows make people fall in love.		year
Shakespeare's life: • William Shakespeare was born in Stratford –Upon-Avon		
Father was a glove maker		
Mother was a daughter to a land owner	$(=)_{\frown}$	Reading of the play A Midsummer Night's Dream.
Shakespeare was an actor	7	Literacy Legends: oracy questions
The Globe Theatre:	/ 4 1	
The first modern theatre, built in 1576		
No artificial lighting, plays performed in the day		
Women were allowed to attend playsWomen were not allowed to perform in the plays		Week 1 – Revise context
Groundlings are people who were too poor to afford a seat		Week 2 – Revise characters Week 3 – Revise who loves whom
in the theatre so they stood in 'the pit' the space just in		Week 4 – Revise Act 1 & 2
front of the stage.	Homework	Week 5 – Revise the love potion
Ancient Athens:	- TOTHE WOLK	Week 6 – Act 3, 4 & 5
Athens was known all around the world for its wealth and around buildings.		Week 7 – General revision task (EDN on OT,TT &
grand buildingsThey were very severe with their punishments, including		AMND)
burning people alive for breaking the rules.		Week 8 – General context/plot revision
Women were un educated and had to obey men.		
HALF TERM 4:		
Structure of a story		A Midsummer Night's Dream: Act 3,4&5.
Background: an introduction of characters and setting		All the world's a stage, As you like it - William
 Rising action: the events leading up to the main event or conflict 		Shakespeare.
Climax: when the story reaches the peak (high point).		Literacy Legends: short stories
Falling action: when the characters work to solve the		
problem or conflict		Students will sit 1 temperature check each term and
 Resolution how things end in the story. 		2 summative assessments throughout the academic
Writer's methods		year
 Adverbial: a word that is used to explain how, where or when something happened. Yesterday, I ran a marathon. 		
Conjunction: a word used to connect clauses or sentences		
or to coordinate words in the same clause (e.g. and, but, if	$(=)_{\bigcirc}$	Dramatic performance of a section of the script.
).	\overrightarrow{O}	Perormance poetry/speech: 'All the World's a Stage' from 'As you like it' – William Shaksespeare.
Diagraph: A grapheme containing two letters that makes	1 75	Trotti As you like it – William Shaksespeare.
just one sound		
 Grapheme: A grapheme is a letter or a number of letters that represent a sound 		Week 1 – Revise parts of the story mountain
Phoneme: The smallest unit of sound.		Week 2 – Revise techniques to use
• Syllable: A syllable is a part of a word that contains a single		Week 3 – Revise key words
vowel sound and that is pronounced as a unit.		Week 4 – Revise features of a newspaper article
Plural: more than one of something.	Homework	Week 5 – Plan a short story using the story
Features of a newspaper article • Headline: This is a short, attention-getting statement about		mountain Week 6 – Revisit their own revision: what needs
the event.		more work?
By-line: This tells who wrote the story.		Week 7 – General revision task (EDN on OT,TT
Image: Image that links to the article's focus		stories & AMND)
 Lead paragraph: This has all of the who, what, when, 		Week 8 – General context/plot revision
where, why and how in it.		
 Explanation: Other facts or details the reader might want to know, direct quotes from witnesses or bystanders. 		
know, anect quotes nom withesses of bystanders.		



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HALF TERM 5.

Context of The Curious Incident:

- Mark Haddon worked with children who had physical and mental disabilities, including Autism.
- Haddon was extremely successful in writing children's literature
- Haddon branched into writing adult fiction, and tried to merge children's fiction and adult fiction with the writing of The Curious Incident of the Dog in the Night Time.
- The novel very quickly sold over a million copies in both of the childrens and adults groups.
- The Curious Incident of the Dog in the Night-time has been published in more than thirty-five countries and has become an international best seller.
- In the United Kingdom, Haddon's book has sold more than 2.6 million copies, making it the third best-selling book of the decade.

2003

- Haddon published his novel in 2003
- The Curious Incident has a child protagonist Christopher
- Mark Haddon purposely used a child protagonist after the success of JK Rowling's Harry Potter novels, and Philip Pullman's His Dark Materials.
- In 2003, Mark Haddon expressed that 'Autism' wasn't a word that was used widely, even within specialist professions such as teachers.
- The Autistic community criticized the novel, stating that it was an inaccurate portrayal of Autism
- Mark Haddon says he only ever intended the novel to be a work of fiction not medical advice on the condition.

2012

- 2012
- Simon Stephens believed that he could help the autistic community with coping strategies for their condition.
- Also, he believed that by adapting the novel to a play this would reach out to all different types of learner.
- Stephens left Christopher (the child protagonist) as undiagnosed Autistic within the play, this allowed the audience to see that people need to treat people as individuals and not label them.

- Simon Stephens adapted Mark Haddon's novel into a play in

HALF TERM 6:

Writer's methods:

- Complement-a word, phrase, or clause that is necessary to complete the meaning of a given expression. She is our teacher.
- Apostrophe possession: when something belongs to someone else. Nick's boots are blue.
- Apostrophe omission: I'm going to run a marathon tomorrow.
- Register Registers are 'varieties' of a language which are each tied to a range of uses, in contrast with dialects, which are tied to groups of users.

*Past: verbs that are written as though they have happened previously, before the present. Yesterday, Timmy walked to the shop for his mom.

*Present: verbs that are written as though they are happening right now. Jamal goes to the swimming pool every day.

Basic conventions of a letter:

- Salutation or greeting:
- 1) Dear Sir or Madam-If you do not know the name of the person you are writing to.
- 2) Dear Mr Jenkins If you know the name, use the title (Mr, Mrs, Miss or Ms, Dr, etc.) and the surname only.
 - **Ending a letter:**
- 1) Yours faithfully if you do not know the name of the person, end the letter this way.
- 2) Yours sincerely If you know the name of the person, end the letter this way.



Simon Stephens: The Curious Incident of the Dog in the Night Time.

Literacy Legends: short stories



Students will sit 1 temperature check each term and 2 summative assessments throughout the academic



Performance of their written monologue from the perspective of Christopher when he finds the hidden letters from his mother.

Reading of the play: The Curious Incident of the Dog in the Night Time.

Literacy Legends: oracy questions.

Homework

Week 1 - Revise context

Week 2 - Revise plot summary

Week 3 - Revise language key terms

Week 4 - Revise key characters

Week 5 - Big revision task Week 6 - Revise key terminology

Week 7 - General revision task (EDN on OT,TT,

stories, AMND & CI)

Week 8 - General context/plot revision



Winnie the Pooh – Tigger comes to the forest. William Wordsworth – 'I wandered lonely as a cloud'.

Extract from 'The complete guide to Asperger's Syndrome' by Professor A Attwood, published by Jessica Kingsley.



Students will sit 1 temperature check each term and 2 summative assessments throughout the academic



Literacy Legends: oracy questions Performance from Christopher's letter to his mother.

Week 1 - Revise tenses

Week 2 - Revise conventions of a letter

Week 3 - Revise language key terms

Week 4 - Write a letter to your teacher exlaining what you have learned across year 7

Homework

Week 5 – Write 5 sentences using apostrophes correctly

Week 6 - Write 2 simple sentences, 2 compound sentences and 2 complex sentences

Week 7 - General revision task (EDN on OT,TT,



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	stories, AMND, CI and writrs' methods) Week 8 – General context/plot revision