

HALF TERM 1: Why did Hitler become the most dangerous man in Europe?

Second order concept: Cause and Consequence

- 1 Why did Germany elect a 'jumped up little corporal'?
 - Weimar Germany
 - Great Depression
 - Hitler and the Nazis

2 How did Hitler become a dictator?

- Reichstag Fire
- Enabling Act
- Article 48
- Army Oath and the Fuhrer.

3 What was life like in Nazi Germany for women and Children?

- 3K's and unemployment
- Education youth organisations

4 What was life like in Nazi Germany for minorities?

- Restrictions for Jews
- Other groups
- Why did people stay?

5 Could Hitler have been stopped?

- Was Hitler almost shot in WWI?
- Political opposition
- Resistance to the Nazis

6 Why did Chamberlain give in?

- Appeasement
- Munich
- ASSESSMENT

(7) What was the Soviet Union's role?

- Nazi-Soviet Pact
- Why did Stalin appease Hitler?
- Operation Barbarossa.



Supporting texts or wider reading:

The Rise and Fall of the Third Reich by William L



Opportunities for extended writing

Part 3 demonstration of learning via tasks such as diary writing, speeches, if/so/because paragraphs. Part 3 tasks will have a success critiera and typically be peer/self assessed.



Speak like an expert:

Students will be asked to read out their part 3 answers and responses to progress checks.



Homework

HW 1: Comprehension

HW 2: Sources

HW 3: Interpretations



Links to careers: civil service roles and occupational links to role such as politican and soldier

Link to Personal Development: Studentrs will learn about the importance of democracy and the right to vote.

LOTC: -

British Values:

- -Rule of Law: Treatment of minorities
- -Respect and Tolerance: Appeasement
- -Democracy: Article 48
- -Indivdual Liberty:Enabling Act

Students can use these key words: Appeasement, Armistice, Fascism, Fuhrer, Great Depression, Indoctrinate, Oath, Propaganda Rearmament, Reichstag, Swastika, Weimar Republic

HALF TERM 2: Why are we obsessed with WWII?

Second order concept: Interpretation

- 1 Was Dunkirk a 'miracle of little ships'?
 - Blitzkrieg
 - Operation Dynamo
 - Dunkirk the Myth

2 Was Churchill really a hero?

- Churchill life story
- Churchill myths
- Th right man at the right time?

3 Local History: Why was Birmingham blitzed?

- The 'Few'
- The Blitz
- Birmingham and Coventry.

4 What was life like on the Homefront?

- Evacuation
- Rationing
- Home guard
- 5 How did the war end?



Supporting texts or wider reading: Fake History by Otto English



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- Stalingrad
- D-Day
- War goes nuclear

6 How do we remember WWII?

- VE Day
- Local soldiers

(7) What happened to the Nazis?

- Nuremberg war trials
- Denazification
- Far right today



Links to careers: learn about occupations within the military and how everyone in Britain's job was related to WW2.

Link to Personal Development: Students will habve the chance to understand how evryone was affected by total war.

LOTC: -the Blitz in the West Midlands.

British Values:

- -Rule of Law: Evacuation
- -Respect and Tolerance: Polsh refugess among

'The Few'

- -Democracy: Home guard
- -Indivdual Liberty: Far right today

Students can use these key words: Blitz, Civilian, Conscription, Death Toll, Evacuation, Home Front, Incendiary, Luftwaffe, RAF, Rationing, Spitfire, Stalingrad

HALF TERM 3: How was the Holocaust able to happen?

Second order concept: Cause and Consequence

1 Where does Anti-Semitism come from?

- Role of the Catholic Church
- Pogroms
- Conspiracies
- Creation of Israel.

2 How were Jews treated before the war?

- Restrictions
- Nuremberg Laws
- Ghetto's

3 What was the Final Solution?

- Wannsee conference
- Death Camps

4 Who was Anne Frank?

- Life story
- Anne as an example of what happened in the camps.
- LOTC: Inside Anne Frank's House/Auschwitz

5 Who were the other victims of the Holocaust?

- Religious figures
- Gypsy and Roma
- Homosexuals

6 How do we remember the Holocaust?

- Memorial day
- In films and literature
- Temperature Check

(7) How did Jewish people resist?

- Resistance within the camps
- Tuvia Bielski
- Escape



Supporting texts or wider reading:

The Destruction of the European Jews by Raul

Hilberg



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Links to careers: - The impact of Nazi economic policy and invisible unemployment

Link to Personal Development: Students will habve the chance to learn about indiduval liberty

LOTC: - Anne Frank's House and Auschwitz

British Values:

- -Rule of Law: Nuremberg Laws
- -Respect and Tolerance: Death Camps
- -Democracy: Restrictions
- -Indivdual Liberty: life story of Anne Frank

Students can use these key words: Anti-Semitism, Commemorate, Concentration Camp, Einsatzgruppen, Eugenics, Final Solution Ghetto Gestapo Human Rights Kristallnacht Lebensraum Nuremberg Laws Pogroms Wannsee



HALF TERM 4: Was equality achieved in 1960's America?

Second order concept: Similarity and Difference

1 What was life like for Black Americans?

- Jim Crow recap
- KKK and the vote
- CORE-what progress had been made in WWII?

2 Who were Linda Brown and Rosa Parks?

CORE

- Brown vs Topeka
- NACCP
- Montgomery Bus Boycott

3 Did peaceful protest work?

- Peaceful Protest Tactics.
- Progress?
- Malcom X

4 Who was Harvey Milk?

- Civil Rights for other groups
- Harvey Milk
- ASSESSMENT

5 Local History: What was the Bristol Bus Boycott?

- American inspiration
- Racism in Britain

6 Free at last?

- Rodney King
- Black Lives Matter movement
- Temperature Check

(7) What was Black Power?

- Malcolm X and Nation of Islam
- Black Panthers
- Black Pride.



Supporting texts or wider reading: The Penguin History of the USA



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HW 2: Sources

HW 3: Interpretations



Links to careers: students will encounter occupations about Civil Rights and police.
Students will also examine segregation within employment.

Link to Personal Development: Students will habve the chance to find out about ciivl right among different groups.

LOTC: - Bristol Bus Boycott

British Values:

- -Rule of Law: Brown vs Topeka
- -Respect and Tolerance: Peaceful Protest
- -Democracy: Voting Rights
- -Indivdual Liberty: Montogomery bus boycott

Students can use these key words: Black Panthers, Boycott, Civil disobedience. Civil Rights, Discrimination, Equality, Freedom Rides Jim Crow, NAACP, Segregation, Suffrage

HALF TERM 5: How close did we come to WWIII?

Second order concept: Significance

1 What was the Iron Curtain?

- Yalta and Potsdam
- Iron Curtain
- Truman and containment

2 Why did Stalin blockade Berlin?

- Blockade
- Airlift
- Start of the Cold War

3 NATO vs Warsaw Pact, whose side would you want to be on?

- Polarised sides
- Which side was strongest?

4 What and where were the proxy wars?

- Korea
- Vietnam
- Afghanistan



Supporting texts or wider reading: The Cold War by John Lewis Gaddis



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HW 1: Comprehension

HW 2: Sources

HW 3: Interpretations



5 How did the world go MAD?

- Hiroshima recap
- IBM's
- Star Wars

6 Was the Cuban Missile Crisis a turning point?

- 13 days
- Detente
- Temperature Check

(7) Why did the USSAR collapse?

- Gorbachev: Perestroika and Glasnost
- Solidarity
- Berlin wall fall



Links to careers: examples of jobs in the musuem sector and students will look at differences between occupations in capitalist vs communist nations.

Link to Personal Development: Students will habve the chance to visit RAF Cosford

LOTC: - RAF Cosford Cold War exhibit

British Values:

- -Rule of Law: life wiohin the USSR
- -Respect and Tolerance: Fall of the Berlin Wall
- -Democracy: Yalta and Postdam -Indivdual Liberty: Containment

Students can use these key words: Blockade, Cold War, Glasnost, Guerrilla Warfare, Iron Curtain, IBM's, MAD, NATO, Perestroika, Proxy Wars, Star Wars, Warsaw Pact

HALF TERM 6: How has decolonisation and migration changed Britain?

Second order concept: Change and Continuity

1 How did India gain independence?

- Gandhi: civil disobedience
- Independence
- Partition

2 Was Suez Britain's greatest embarrassment?

- Nasser and Eden
- Setting an example

3 Did Britain quit the empire or was kicked out?

- Winds of Change
- Independence movements
- Transfer of power

4 What was so special about the Windrush?

- Moving to the mother country
- The British Experience
- Windrush scandal

5 We are here because you were there? Local History: What was the Rivers of Blood speech?

- Who was Enoch Powel and what did he say?
- What was Powell trying to achieve
- Legacy of Powell

6 How has Britain changed due to migration?

- Cultural Contribution
- Changing diet
- NHS
- Local History: Wolverhampton colour bar.
- Temperature Check

(7) What were The Troubles?

- Unionists and Republicans
- Use of Terror: IRA and UDA
- Good Friday Agreement



Supporting texts or wider reading: Empireland: How Imperialism Has Shaped Modern Britain. Sathnam Sanghera



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HW 2: Sources

HW 3: Interpretations



Links to careers: - Students will encounter occupations such as London transport, Civil Rights and politics. Students will also exmaine the demand for migration to fill low level paid jobs.

Link to Personal Development: Students will habve the chance to learn about the imoact of immigration.

LOTC: - Rivers of Blood speech

British Values:

- -Rule of Law: independence movements
- -Respect and Tolerance: Windrush scandal
- -Democracy: Gandhi
- -Indivdual Liberty: Partition

Students can use these key words: Commonwealth, Decolonisation, Dominion, Empire, Immigration, Independence, Partition, Republicans, Unionists, Windrush